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LEGISLATIVE REPORT

TO: MAPA

FROM: John E. Bardgett, Jr.

DATE: May 20, 2013

RE: Final Report for 2013 Legislative Session

The First Regular Session of the 97th Missouri General Assembly concluded Friday, May 17th at 6:00 p.m. The 58 new state Representatives and 12 new State Senators that arrived in Jefferson City in January, quickly learned the ropes of the legislative process. By mid-way through the legislative session, we were in full debate in both chambers of the General Assembly and holding late night sessions.

Most legislators, lobbyists, bureaucrats, and other participants in state government were optimistic at the outset that this legislative session that would prove more productive than the last few, with new leadership in the House and Senate in conjunction with the departure of a few obstructionist Senators. Although the combative and raucous behavior of legislators over the past few sessions did subside this year and the debate was certainly more genteel and professional, the General Assembly was unable to pass many of the Republican's top agenda items. Two huge disappointments on this front was the Transportation Sales Tax proposal (SJR 16) that would have generated millions of dollars to upgrade the state's transportation infrastructure upon a vote of the people and the lack of a major economic development bill for the fifth year in a row.

In the House of Representatives, every day seemed to bring more bills and amendments that would expand the rights of gun owners and protect gun owners from government infringement. The lower chamber spent many hours debating and passing gun legislation that demonized the federal government or anyone else who wished to implement background checks or prohibit firearms in any way.

The relationship between House and Senate Republican leadership was much improved this year and they conversed and collaborated on party policies and key legislative issues more frequently and effectively than their predecessors. However, the session had its share of challenges procedurally with so many new House and Senate members and almost as many new committee chairmen who only had a short time to learn the ropes.

The Missouri legislature does not reconvene until January 8, 2014, unless the Governor would call the General Assembly back into a Special Session.

General Session Information

There were a total of 1,590 pieces of legislation filed during the 2013 legislative session with only 163 bills actually making it all the way through the process to final passage. This

includes 17 appropriation bills. Of the bills that were Truly Agreed to and Finally Passed, many of these are what are considered “consent” bills, which means they are generally noncontroversial and carry no fiscal impact to the state.

Governor Nixon has until July 14, 2013 to either sign or veto bills passed during the legislative session. All legislation passed by the General Assembly, if signed into law by Governor Nixon, will become effective on August 28, 2013 unless the legislation provided for a specific effective date or contained an emergency clause.

Fiscal Year 2014 Budget

The Missouri Senate and the Missouri House of Representatives approved the Fiscal Year 2014 budget just one day shy of the May 10th 6:00 p.m. Constitutional deadline. The \$25 billion budget awaits final action by Governor Nixon; who has the authority to line-item veto any items among the various state department’s budgets and /or withhold funding as he feels is appropriate to maintain a balanced budget.

In January, when Governor Nixon unveiled his recommended Fiscal Year 2014 Budget, the package included funding for many programs that were contingent on the passage of legislation. These bills had to pass the legislature before the funding could be adequately accounted for. The items include the following:

- \$56.6 million decrease to the renters’ portion of the Circuit Breaker Tax Credit.
 - The \$56.6 million savings was offered through SB 350. The House and Senate both passed the bill. However, the Governor vetoed SB 350 after reversing his position on cutting the assistance program for seniors who rent. He originally supported the savings from the cut to the Circuit Breaker Tax Credit as outlined in his State of the State Address. As a result of this change in the Governor’s position, the House and Senate budget chairmen supplanted the funding for First Steps and Federally Qualified Health Centers in a move meant to put the Governor in the very difficult position of choosing between children with disabilities and seniors. The Governor quickly identified a new plan and worked with Sen. Silvey (R – Clay County) to amend various bills to provide general revenue funding for the important programs.
- \$51.8 million collected from a tax amnesty plan.
 - HB 253 includes the provisions that establish a tax amnesty period. The bill now awaits final action by the Governor.
- \$10.5 million collected from out-of-state retailers sales tax collections.
 - HB 253 includes the provisions that create the collections.

During the first week of May, Governor Nixon released \$29.6 million of withholdings, which were approved by the legislature last session for the current fiscal year. The Governor cited the continued growth of general revenue collections for his action. In addition, Governor Nixon and his Budget Director, Linda Luebbering, developed an amendment of \$121 million one-time priority investments that was accepted by House and Senate budget leaders to the capitol improvements funding legislation, HB 19, which included the following:

- \$13 million for planning and design of a new Fulton State Mental Hospital;
- \$50 million for structural repairs to the State Capitol Complex, including stonework, window repair, and renovations;
- \$38 million to construct a new state office building and for renovation of MODOT Central Office building (a new building will be constructed at Missouri State Penitentiary site and MODOT will be relocated to that new location). The MODOT building will be used for Capitol employee overflow; and
- \$20 million for improvements at Missouri State Parks.

A Budget Conference Committee, under the direction of Senate Appropriations Committee Chairman, Sen. Schaefer (R – Columbia) and the House Budget Committee Chairman, Rep. Stream (R – Kirkwood), agreed on an operating budget on Tuesday, May 7th, after only one day of public negotiation. The highlights of the compromised Fiscal Year 2014 budget include the following:

- Nearly all of the remaining estimated appropriation markers (“E”) were removed from the budget. A total of 5 remain from the 700 that were once a part of the budget. Supporters of removing the estimation markers say the process without them will provide spending transparency.
- State employees earning below \$60,000 a year will receive a \$500 flat pay raise.
- \$65.8 million increase for elementary and secondary education;
- \$25 million increase for public higher education institutions based on a performance funding model;
- \$10 million increase to expand the University of Missouri Medical School;
- Numerous increases for provider networks that serve people with disabilities and the elderly; and
- A cut was allocated to the Department of Revenue that provided only 8 months of funding. The cut is intended to send a message to the Department to stop scanning and retaining private information. This reduction would allow the legislature to review the changes they expect to take place once they return in January 2014. They will have the ability to fund the remaining four months of the fiscal year through the supplemental budget if the Department of Revenue complies with changes to its licensing procedures. The conference committee also included \$2 million of one-time funding to pay Sheriffs to implement the concealed carry permits. Governor Nixon held a press conference the following day to announce that he believes the actions of funding the Division of Motor Vehicles with only 2/3 funding is irresponsible and he would be forced to lay off workers as a result. The bickering on the Department of Revenue scandal is only expected to continue over the interim.

The Fiscal Year 2014 Budget now awaits final action by the Governor. It is expected Governor Nixon and his staff within the Office of Budget & Planning will take a careful review of the various state department line items to double check all action taken by the House and Senate before signing or line item vetoing any amount of money. However, he must act on the budget prior to the commencement of the 2014 fiscal year, which is July 1, 2013.

Medicaid Transformation

After a long battle by a large coalition of Medicaid expansion supporters that included Governor Nixon, local chambers of commerce, and hospitals failed to reach fruition; the Majority parties in both the House and Senate finally agreed to approve a small step in the overall picture of transforming the state’s Medicaid system. SCS / HCS / HB 986, sponsored by Rep. Barnes (R – Jefferson City), now sits on the Governor’s desk awaiting his signature or veto. The bill creates an interim committee of 12 members that will be charged with writing a report that will identify more efficient and cost-effective ways to provide health coverage while meeting the federal requirements. The report will also include research on how possibilities for promoting healthy behavior and preventative care can play a role in the reform process. The interim committee will include 6 Senators and 6 Representatives and they will report their findings to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House prior to the 2014 legislative session. In addition to creating the interim committee, the bill extends the federal Ticket-to-Work program for people with disabilities.

The so-called “mini- Medicaid” legislation takes a small step to offer reform but does nothing to capture the \$900 million the federal government is offering to Missouri to expand our current Medicaid system through the Affordable Care Act. The majority party chose to deny the money in every attempt that was made through numerous bills, amendments, and budget amendments.

HB 986 also includes the “fix” to the First Steps program. Once the Governor changed his mind about supporting the elimination of the renters’ portion of the Circuit Breaker Tax Credit, SB 350, the House and Senate used the savings from the elimination to fund the First Steps program. The Governor vetoed SB 350 during the last week of session which made the need to create a “fix” extremely important for the hundreds of families and children with disabilities that utilize the long-standing program. Rep. Silvey (R – North Kansas City) took the initiative upon himself to resolve the issue and successfully amended HB 986 to create the Missouri Senior Services Protection Fund and allocated \$55 million into the fund within the amendment. This allows money to be in the fund that Governor Nixon vetoed and not break any current services to the First Steps program. HB 986 was given approval by the House and Senate on the last day of session and now awaits final action by the Governor.

Economic Development

Following all of the legislation dealing with tax credit programs throughout the session, it all came down to one final bill, HB 698. The omnibus economic development bill, which contained the tax credit program for freight forwarders, land assemblage, Angel Investment, and other items, died on the last day of the legislative session. Several members of the Senate conducted a filibuster on the last day of the session, which ultimately led to its demise. Sen. Brad Lager (R - Savannah) lead the filibuster and his co-conspirators who threatened to filibuster as well, were Sen. Rob Schaaf (R – St. Joseph), Sen. Ed Emery (R – Lamar), and Sen. John Lamping (R – St. Louis). Business and economic groups from around Missouri had hoped that some of the reductions and caps that were put in place for the low income tax credit program and the historic tax credit program in this bill, coupled with the massive (over \$400 million over 10 years) savings to the state, would help conservative Republicans find a way to either quietly vote no or even support this proposal. The Conference Committee Report (CCR) for HB 698 was never brought to a final vote on the Senate floor due to the filibuster conducted by Sen. Lager and his allies.

Major Upcoming Elections

The 8th Congressional District election will take place on June 4th with Rep. Jason Smith (R – Salem) and Rep. Steve Hodges (D – East Prairie) facing one another. This is the seat vacated by Congresswoman Emerson (R – Cape Girardeau).

The House Majority Floor Leader, Rep. John Diehl (R – Town & Country) announced on April 16th that he plans to run for Speaker of the House. The House Republicans have chosen to elect a Speaker-Designee in September to help bridge the gap in leadership and create some stability in the caucus. They are expected to continue this tradition and elect Rep. Diehl as their new leader as he has already been endorsed by more than 65 Representatives.

Dates of Interest

Listed below are several key dates which may be of interest:

- July 1, 2013
First Day of the State’s new fiscal year (FY 2014)
- July 14, 2013
Last day for Governor Nixon to sign or veto legislation

- August 28, 2013
Legislation enacted during the 2013 legislative session becomes effective unless the legislation carried a specific date or emergency clause
- September 11-12, 2013
Annual Veto Session in Jefferson City
- December 1, 2013
First day to pre-file legislation for the 2014 legislative session
- January 8, 2014
First day of the 2014 legislative session

Bills of Specific Interest

Most of our effort this session on behalf of MAPA involved communicating the Public Administrators' disapproval and opposition of SB 350, which would have eliminated the renters' portion of the circuit breaker tax credit. With the Governor calling for its repeal in his State of the State Address and the Republican President of the Senate sponsoring SB 350, its fate was pretty well sealed as far as passage in the legislature. This will certainly be a topic that will be brought up again in the Missouri legislature. I do not believe there are enough votes to override the Governor's veto of SB 350 in September.

SB 350 – sponsored by Sen. Dempsey (R – St. Charles) would have eliminated the renters' portion of the Circuit Breaker Tax Credit and creates the Missouri Senior Services Protection Fund with the savings. The savings was estimated at \$56.6 million and was booked in the Governor's Budget as addressed in his State of the State Address. The House and Senate also booked the savings contingent on the passage of SB 350, until the Governor announced in April that he no longer supported the cut to the Circuit Breaker Tax Credit. Once the Governor changed his mind, it led House and Senate leaders to supplant funding from the Senior Services Protection Fund into the First Steps Program. Their intent was to force the Governor to sign SB 350, **but he vetoed it a week later** and began a public crusade to inform the public to force the General Assembly to pass a resolution to get General Revenue funding back in to the First Steps Program. The provision to fix the funding was included in HB 986.

HCS / SB 99 – sponsored by Sen. Keaveny (D – St. Louis) includes language that revises statute related to public administrators. Current statute provides that all public administrators are to be elected in the county or city they serve. This act will make the St. Louis City public administrator an appointed position. The public administrator will be appointed by a majority of the circuit and associate circuit judges of the 22nd judicial circuit. The qualifications and requirements for this appointed position will be the same as those for elected public administrators. This bill was given final approval by the House and Senate and now awaits action by the Governor.

Here are a couple bills which you may find of interest: HB 163 and HB 110

Thank You

Let me take this opportunity to thank you for allowing us to represent your interests before the Missouri General Assembly in 2013. Our organization's goal is to keep you informed of all legislative/regulatory happenings in a very timely fashion. I hope we have done this to your satisfaction. We would appreciate any thoughts you might have as to how we can better

serve you, our client, in the ever-changing world of information transmission. Please feel free to give us a call if we can answer any questions or provide any additional information regarding the 2013 legislative session, interim committees, the Veto Session, or the Second Regular Session of the 97th General Assembly, which will convene on January 8, 2014.

Bills Truly Agreed To and Finally Passed (TAFP):

In an effort to expedite your receiving all bills passed this legislative session, the following link will provide you with summaries and full text copies of every bill that was Truly Agreed To and Finally Passed during the 2013 Missouri legislative session. Please click on the following link: <http://www.house.mo.gov/billreport.aspx?select=evergroupcode:1>

If you would prefer a full text hard copy of any of these bills, please call the Jefferson City office (573-634-8760), and we would be happy to accommodate your request.

Bills that passed the General Assembly and have been signed by the Governor as of May 17th include the following:

Elections, HB 163

- The legislation changes the laws regarding elections.

County Treasurer, HCS / HB 235

- The legislation requires a candidate for the office of county treasurer or county collector-treasurer to provide the election authority with a signed affidavit from a surety company.

Sporting Events, SBs 10 & 25

- The legislation enacts a new tax credit aimed to attract major amateur sporting events to Missouri.

Child Labor Requirements, SB 16

- The legislation exempts farm work performed by children under 16 from certain child labor requirements.

Benevolent Tax Credits, SBs 20, 15 & 19

- The legislation reinstates expiring tax credits for certain charitable donations and eliminates a state tax incentive on foreign adoptions.

Property & Casualty, SB 59

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to the regulation of the Missouri Property and Casualty Insurance Association and the Missouri Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association.

Board of Nursing, SB 80

- The legislation requires the Board of Nursing to notify, rather than mail, every person seeking license renewal.

Public Service Commission, SCS / SB 191

- The legislation adds electronic form to the list of mediums of publication that the Public Service Commission may use when publishing certain papers, studies, reports, and Commission decisions, findings, and orders.

Marriage & Family Therapists, SB 234

- The legislation requires an applicant for a marital and family therapist license to show a master's or doctoral degree from an accredited program.

Telecommunications, SB 237

- The legislation exempts certain telecommunications companies from

Insurance Law, SCS / SB 287

- The legislation modifies Missouri's current captive insurance law to allow for the formation of sponsored captive insurance companies.

Board of Pharmacy, SB 306

- The legislation allows for the testing of drugs maintained by licensees of the Board.

Travel Insurance, SCS / SB 324

- The legislation regulates the offer and dissemination of travel insurance and establishes a limited lines travel insurance producer licensure system.

Eggs, SB 329

- The legislation expands the definition of eggs.
- Public Service Commission price caps.

Higher Education, SCS / SB 376

- The legislation allows hospital districts to permit higher education institutions to use space for health care education or training.

Bills that passed the General Assembly and await the Governor's action include the following:

Prevailing Wage, SS#2, HB 34

- The legislation changes the way that the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations determines the prevailing hourly rate of wages on public work projects.

Electronic Insurance, SS / HCS / HB 58

- The legislation changes law regarding portable electronics insurance coverage.

Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month, HB 68

- The legislation designates the month of November as "Pancreatic Cancer Awareness Month."

Municipality Vehicles, CCS / SCS / HB 103

- The legislation allows a municipality to adopt a resolution or ordinance that allows all-terrain and utility vehicles to operate on the streets and highways under its jurisdiction

State Auditor, SS #2 / SCS / HB 116

- The legislation changes the laws regarding the auditor and includes the provisions to fix the First Steps Program funding.

Initiative Petitions, CCS / SS / SCS / HCS / HB 117

- The legislation changes the laws regarding petition circulators and the duties of the Secretary of State regarding initiative and referendum petitions.

Property Tax, HCS / HB 128

- The legislation changes the laws regarding property tax collections.

Insurance Companies, HB 133

- The legislation changes the laws regarding the accreditation requirements for reinsurance companies and specifies when an insurance company can take credit or reduce liability due to reinsurance.

Energy Investment, SS / SCS / HB 142

- The legislation relates to utility regulations and participants.

Child Custody, SCS / HB 148

- The legislation establishes the custody and visitation rights of a deploying military parent.

School Officers, SCS / HB 152

- The legislation allows school districts to authorize and commission school officers to enforce laws relating to crimes committed on school grounds.

Active Duty Parent or Guardian, HCS / HB 159

- The legislation allows an exemption from the proof of residency or domicile requirement to register a child for school whose parent or guardian is serving on specified active duty military orders.

Property Taxes, SS / SCS / HCS / HB 175

- The legislation Changes the laws regarding the collection of special assessments and delinquent property taxes.

Transient Guest Tax, SS / HB 184

- The legislation Modifies provisions relating to transient guest taxes, motor vehicle sales taxes, and creates the Missouri Works Program.

Missouri Workers Training Program, SCS / HB 196

- The legislation requires the Department of Economic Development to establish the Missouri Works Training Program to assist qualified companies with the training of employees in new or retained jobs.

Uniform Commercial Code, HB 212

- The legislation changes the law regarding secured transactions under the Uniform Commercial Code.

Judicial Procedures, SS / SCS / HCS / HB 215

- The legislation changes the laws regarding judicial procedures

State Employee Benefits, SCS / HCS / HB 233

- The legislation changes the laws regarding the Missouri State Employee Retirement System (MOSERS).

Taxation, SS / HB 253

- The legislation gradually cuts personal and corporate income tax rates by a total of \$700 million and creates a tax amnesty period, which is already booked in the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget. This bill also includes the streamlined sales tax provisions.

Sunshine Law, CCS / HCS / HBs 256, 33 & 305

- The legislation reinstates exemptions to the state's open records law that protected security-related records.

Federal Holidays, HB 278

- The legislation prohibits any state or local governmental entity; public building, park, or school; or public setting or place from banning or restricting the practice, mention, celebration, or discussion of any federal holiday.

Sexually Violent Predators, SCS / HB 301

- The legislation adds the prosecutor of the jurisdiction into which a sexually violent predator is to be released to the list of those who must be served the offender's petition for conditional release over specified objections.

Highway & Bridge Naming, SCS / HCS / HB 303 & 304

- The legislation makes memorial bridge and highway designations.

Fire Protection, CCS / SS / SCS / HB 307

- This bill relates to fire protection districts, school police, and paramedics.

Health Care Services, SS / HCS / HB 315

- The legislation is an omnibus bill of numerous health care related issues.

Tourism, HB 316

- The legislation extends the expiration date on the Division of Tourism Supplemental Revenue Fund from June 30, 2015, to June 30, 2020.

Motor Vehicle Insurance, SCS / HB 322

- The legislation allows the insurance identification card that contains proof of insurance information for a motor vehicle and certain policies and endorsements to be available electronically

Financial Institutions, SCS / HB 329

- The legislation changes the laws regarding financial institutions.

Utilities, SS / HB 331

- The legislation changes the laws regarding infrastructure facilities deployment.

First Responders, CCS / SS / HB 336

- The legislation Specifies that no political subdivision must prohibit any first responder from engaging in any political activity while off duty and not in uniform unless otherwise prohibited by state or federal law.

Uninsured Motorists, HB 339

- This bill prohibits an uninsured driver who is the owner of the vehicle or a driver operating a vehicle with or without permission who is uninsured from collecting for noneconomic damages.

Wireless Communications, SS / SCS / HCS / HB 345

- The legislation establishes the Uniform Wireless Communications Infrastructure Deployment Act.

Motor Vehicle License Plates, HCS / HB 349

- The legislation allows the owner of a property-carrying commercial motor vehicle to request and be issued two license plates.

Hospital Licensure, SCS / HCS / HB 351

- The legislation changes the requirements for hospital licensure and inspections.

Judicial Procedures, CCS / SS / SCS / HCS / HB 374 & 434

- The legislation deals with judicial positions and numerous provisions related to judicial procedures.

Abortion, HB 400

- The legislation restricts drug-induced abortions.

Workers Compensation, HCS HBs 404 & 614

- The legislation recognizes psychological stress as an occupational disease for paid police officers.

Kansas City Police, HCS / HB 418

- The legislation changes the law regarding the police retirement system of Kansas City and the civilian employees' retirement system of the police department of Kansas City.

Salvage Titles, SS / SCS / HB 428

- The legislation allows an insurer that purchases a motor vehicle or trailer, subject to a lien, through the claims adjustment process to apply for a salvage title or junking certificate without obtaining a lien release

Firearms, SCS / HCS / HB 436

- The legislation would declare federal gun control laws unenforceable, allow designated school personnel to carry concealed weapons in school buildings, and lower the gun permit holder age requirement from 21 to 19.

Loans, HCS / HBs 446 & 211

- The legislation changes the enforcement and servicing of real estate loans.

County Budgets, HB 451

- The legislation authorizes a county to amend its budget twice during any fiscal year when there is a verifiable decline in funds.

Credit Unions, HB 478

- The legislation changes the laws regarding credit unions.

Paid-In Surplus, SCS / HB 498

- The legislation repeals the distribution of paid-in surplus to corporate shareholders is required to be identified as a liquidating dividend.

Child Abuse, SCS / HCS / HB 505

- The legislation Changes the laws regarding child abuse and neglect.

Liability Companies, HB 510

- The legislation changes the laws regarding limited liability companies.

Firearms, SCS / HB 533

- The legislation changes the laws regarding firearms.

Agriculture, SS / SCS / HB 542

- The legislation is an omnibus bill related to agriculture.

Unemployment Compensation, SCS / HCS / HB 611

- The legislation Changes the laws regarding unemployment compensation

Natural Resources, SS / SCS / HB 650

- The legislation is an omnibus bill related to provisions within the Department of Natural Resources.

St. Louis City Parking, HB 656

- The legislation combines the parking enforcement division and the parking meter division in the City of St. Louis into the parking division.

School Name Change, HB 673

- The legislation changes the name of Linn State Technical College to State Technical College of Missouri.

Diabetes Training, HCS / HB 675

- The legislation requires the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education to develop guidelines for the training of school employees in the care needed for students with diabetes.

St. Louis Police, SCS / HCS / HB 722

- The legislation changes the laws regarding the Police Retirement System of St. Louis.

MO HealthNet, SCS / HCS / HB 986

- The legislation changes the laws regarding MO HealthNet benefits and includes the language to provide the funding fix to the First Steps Program.

Property Taxes, CCR#2 / SCS / HCS / HB 1035

- The legislation is an omnibus bill relating to taxation.

Right to Farm, CCS#2 / SS / HCS / HJR 11 &7

- The legislation provides a constitutional amendment affirming the right of farmers and ranchers to engage in modern farming and ranching practices.

Admissibility of Evidence, SCS / HJR 16

- The legislation proposes a constitutional amendment allowing relevant evidence of prior criminal acts to be admissible in prosecutions for crimes of a sexual nature involving a victim under 18 years of age.

Second Injury Fund / Workers Compensation, CCS / HCS / SS#2 / SCS / SB 1

- The legislation replenishes an insolvent fund for injured workers. The bill also clarifies that occupational diseases are covered by the workers' compensation system instead of civil lawsuits.

Agriculture, CCS#2 / HCS / SCS / SB 9

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to agriculture.

Education, CCS / HCS / SCS / SB 17

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to education.

Taxation, CCS / HCS / SB 23

- The legislation is an omnibus bill related to taxation.

Misconduct, SS / SB 28

- The legislation redefines "misconduct" for which an employee may be disqualified from unemployment benefits.

Paycheck Protection, SS / SCS / SB 29

- The legislation requires some public employee unions to seek annual consent to automatically deduct fees from members' paychecks.

Mental Health, CCS / SCS / SB 33

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to individuals with mental disabilities.

Workers Compensation, CCS / HCS / SS / SB 34

- The legislation requires the Division of Workers' Compensation to develop and maintain a workers' compensation claims database.

Income Check-Off, SB 35

- The legislation creates a check-off box on the Missouri individual and corporate income tax forms for contributions to the newly created Pediatric Cancer Research Trust Fund.

Juvenile Offenders, CCS / SCS / SB 36

- Specifies that the jurisdiction of the juvenile court is only terminated if the child is convicted of the crime.

Sheriffs, CCS / HCS / SCS / SB 42

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to county sheriffs, allows setoff of income tax refunds and lottery payouts for unpaid debts to county jails, and bars such debtors from holding licenses to hunt or fish.

Transportation, CCS / HCS / SB 43

- The legislation modifies various provisions relating to transportation.

Legal Guardians, SCS / SB 47

- The legislation adds to the list of qualified legal guardians of a child who shall receive subsidies.

Motor Vehicles, CCS / HCS / SB 51

- The legislation modifies several provisions of law relating to the regulation of motor vehicles.

Ordinances, SB 58

- The legislation provides an alternate method of adopting or repealing ordinances for the City of Farmington.

Child Support, SCS / SB 69

- The legislation changes provisions relating to administrative child support orders.

Motorcycle Awareness, SB 72

- The legislation designates the month of May as "Motorcycle Awareness Month."

Law Enforcement, HCS SB 73

- The legislation prohibits law enforcement agencies from establishing roadside checkpoint or road block patterns based upon a particular vehicle type, including the establishment of motorcycle-only checkpoints.

Public Safety, HCS / SB 75

- The legislation relates to firearms, sheriffs, intruder training and gun safety in public schools, source documents for drivers' licenses, knives, and concealed carry permits.

Elections, HCS / SB 99

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to elections.

Judicial Procedures, CCS / HCS / SB 100

- The legislation act modifies procedures relating to judicial procedure.

Military, CCS / SCS / SB 106

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to veterans and members of the military.

Child Custody, HCS / SB 110

- The legislation establishes procedures to follow in child custody and visitation cases for military personnel.

Oversees Voters, HCS / SS / SCS / SB 116

- The legislation modifies the law relating to uniformed military and overseas voters.

Military, CCS / HCS / SCS / SB 117

- The legislation changes provisions relating to military affairs.

Veterans Treatment Courts, HCS / SCS / SB 118

- The legislation authorizes circuit courts or a combination of circuits to create veterans treatment courts.

Liquor Control, SS / SCS / SB 121

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to liquor control laws.

Education, SS / SCS / SB 125

- The legislation is a bill related to education reform.

Pharmacies, SCS / SB 126

- The legislation states Missouri licensed pharmacies cannot be required to carry or maintain an inventory of any specific drug or device.

Public Assistance, CCS / HCS / SB 127

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to health care services and public assistance benefits.

Volunteer Health Services Act, SS / SCS / SB 129

- This act establishes the Volunteer Health Services Act which allows a licensed health care provider to provide volunteer professional health care services for a sponsoring organization.

Salvage Vehicles, HCS / SB 148

- The bill modifies various provisions relating to the regulation of salvage motor vehicles.

Personal Property, CCS / HCS / SCS / SB 157 & SB 102

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to the disposition of personal property.

Physical Therapy, SS / SCS / SB 159

- The legislation creates parity between the out-of-pocket expenses charged for physical therapist services and primary care physicians.

Health Insurance, CCS / HCS / SB 161

- Modifies various provisions relating to health insurance and the Oversight Division of the Joint Committee on Legislative Research

Votes of Public Governmental Bodies, SB 170

- The legislation allows members of public governmental bodies to cast roll call votes in a meeting if the member is participating via videoconferencing.

Veterans, HCS / SCS / SB 186

- The legislation modifies several provisions relating to veterans affairs.

Sexual Predators, HCS / SB 188

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to civil commitment of sexual violent predators.

Disease Management, SB 197

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to disease management including tuberculosis and meningococcal disease.

Foster Care, HCS / SB 205

- The legislation allows for higher education or armed services visits for children in foster care and changes the foster care re-entry age.

Foster Care, SB 208

- The legislation raises the age of foster care re-entry from 18 to 21.

Kansas City Police, SB 216

- The legislation prohibits political activity restrictions on first responders and modifies current political activity restrictions on the Kansas City Police Department.

Law Enforcements, CCS / HCS / SB 229

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to public safety.

Mental Health, HCS / SCS / SB 224

- The legislation adds to the list of criminal offenses that are included in the Mental Health Disqualification Registry.

Chloe's Law, SB 230

- The legislation creates "Chloe's Law" which requires every child born in this state to be screened for critical congenital heart disease with pulse oximetry.

Loans, SB 235

- The legislation modifies the law relating to residential real estate loan reporting.

Highway Patrol, SB 236

- The legislation allows the Highway Patrol fund to include money for the maintenance of Highway Patrol vehicles, watercraft, and aircraft and be used for the maintenance of such items.

Gas ISRS, SCS / SB 240

- The legislation requires the Public Service Commission to specify in its decisions the annual amount of net write-off incurred by a gas corporation.

Neighborhood Improvement Districts, CCS / SCS / SB 248

- The legislation act modifies provisions relating to property taxes.

Public Assistance, HCS / SS / SB 251

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to public assistance fraud and abuse.

Driver's Licenses, HCS / SS / SB 252

- The legislation enacts several provisions pertaining to the operations of the Department of Revenue and requires that they not retain copies, in any format, of source documents presented by individuals applying for or holding drivers' licenses or non-drivers' licenses.

Lenders, SCS / SB 254

- The legislation raises the fees a lender can charge for certain loans.

Child Abuse, CCS / HCS / SCS / SB 256

- The legislation modifies provisions relating to child abuse and neglect.

Ports, SB 257

- The legislation modifies the Port Improvement District Act.

Kansas City School District, HCS / SCS / SB 258

- The legislation reduces the membership of the Kansas City School District board of education.

Health Care Services, CCS / HCS / SS / SB 262

- The legislation is an omnibus bill that modifies a wide array of issues relating to health care services, payment schedules, and health insurance.

Agenda 21, SB 265

- The legislation prohibits the state and any political subdivision from implementing any policy recommendations that infringe on private property rights without due process.

Civil Liberties Defense Act, SS / SB 267

- The legislation specifies how courts may rule in contractual disputes involving the law of other countries and jurisdictional issues involving other countries.

Criminal Offenders, CCS / SB 327

- The legislation modifies provisions regarding DWI courts and electronic monitoring of criminal offenders.

Professional Licenses, CCS#2 / HCS / SB 330

- The legislation modifies various provisions relating to professional licenses.

Liens, SS / SB 357

- The legislation modifies the law relating to mechanics' liens for rental machinery and equipment.

Innovation Education, SCS / SB 381

- The legislation creates the Innovation Education Campus Fund to provide funding to innovation education campuses.

Highlights of bills that did not pass the General Assembly:

Bonding Proposal

- The legislation would have created a \$1.2 billion bond bill to pay for construction projects on college campuses, state facilities, and other projects passed the House but stalled in the Senate.

Transportation Sales Tax, SJR 16

- The legislation would have increased the sales tax by one cent and is projected to raise \$8 billion over a decade for transportation projects.

Medical Malpractice

- The legislation would have reinstated the state's cap on non-economic damages for medical malpractice lawsuits passed the House but stalled in the Senate.

Liquor Franchise Definition

- The legislation would have reinstated Missouri's liquor franchise law, which was overturned by a Federal judge last year.

Education

- The legislation to evaluate school personnel partly on student achievement was rejected twice by the House after being passed by the Senate.

ISRS/Energy Surcharge

- The legislation would have allowed electric companies to levy a surcharge for infrastructure. The bill died in the Senate and never made it to the House floor for debate.

Homebuilder Incentive

- The legislation would have given an incentive to Missourians who chose to build homes during the next two years.

Voter ID

- Many pieces of legislation passed the House that would require voters to show photo identification at polling places, but the bills all stalled in the Senate.

Bills that passed the General Assembly but were vetoed by the Governor as of May 17th:

Circuit Breaker Tax Credit Reform, SB 350

- The legislation eliminates the renters' portion of the Circuit Breaker Tax Credit for the elderly and disabled.

Motor Vehicle Sales, SB 182

- The legislation eliminates state and local use taxes on motor vehicle sales and modifies state and local sales taxes on such purchases.

Accreditation Requirements, SB 60

- The legislation modifies accreditation requirements for reinsurance companies and specifies when insurers can take credit or reduce liability due to reinsurance.